

Insurance Policies Sales

Project Background, cont.

- Financing system
 - Company sells financing and insurance to home owners through independent dealers





Six Sigma Project

- Company decided to initiate a Six Sigma project
- Two issues for consideration:
 - Improve the accuracy rate—the rate at which the policy and loan package accurately represent what the customer specified—primary focus
 - Increase the number of policies sold some loans processed without attempting to sell accompanying insurance policy—secondary focus—potential future project



Charter

Purpose

- Problem/Opportunity Statement: The division produces 17% of all insurance policies with inaccuracies as compared to customer specifications.
- Goal Statement: Improve set up accuracy rate from current rate of 83% to 99%.

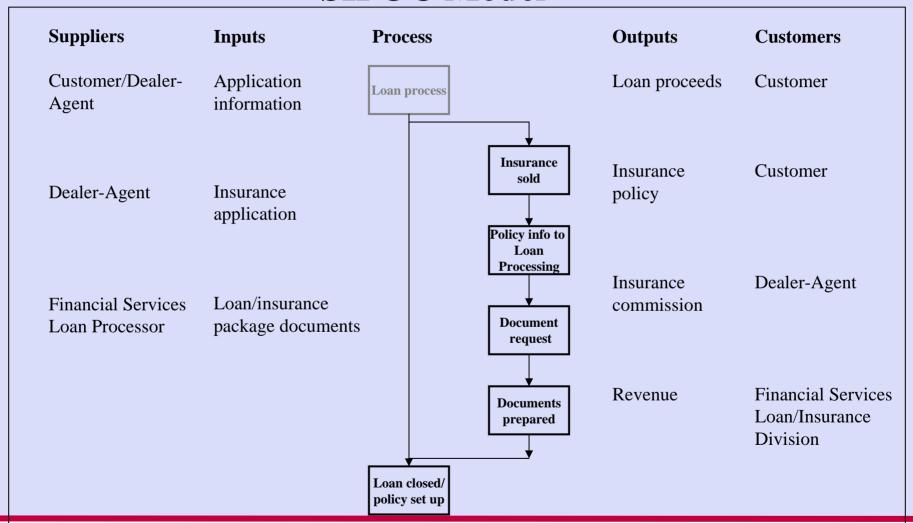
Importance

- Business Case: Improving the accuracy will:
 - Increase customer satisfaction by meeting specifications—this will translate into increased revenue because of more policies sold and more referral business
 - Increase efficiency by eliminating rework and non-value added activities from the process—this will translate into decreased costs
- Total estimated annualized project impact = \$525,000



Map the Process

SIPOC Model





Customer Voices

- I want my insurance coverage
- to include natural disaster and flood insurance
- want to be able to finance my insurance with my loan
- I can get a better deal somewhere else
 I got a better deal from another company
 The insurance raised the payment too much
 - I don't want my down payment to increase because am financing insurance
- Reworking Policies is eating up time
- Errors in policies and closing documents are creating Unhappy customers

- I want the insurance on my loan to reflect what the agent sold me
 - I never agreed to finance insurance, and it shows up on my loan agreements
- The insurance raised my payment by more than I was expecting
- My down payment went up and I was not expecting that
- I did not realize my payment would go up by \$35
- My down payment went up and I was never told
 - The closing package was already printed when
 - I noticed the increased payment



Customer Requirements KJ What are the Key Customer Requirements

for purchasing insurance?

The coverage I receive is the coverage I need

My insurance coverage includes natural disaster and flood insurance only when required

I am able to finance my insurance in the manner I desire

The Paperwork accurately reflects what was promised and sold

The insurance on the loan reflects what my agent sold me

My payments are reflected in the manner that I agreed to

Initial down payment expected matches what the company communicated

I don't have to worry about changes that are wrong or sudden

I am comfortable with my understanding of the product, cost, and implications on accepting insurance

My expectations for payment and potential changes match what the company actually does

> My understanding of insurance options and coverage is complete

My understanding of insurance implications is complete

I really believe that price incurred is worth the value I receive

> I want to know that this is the best deal I can get with this company

This company offers the best value compared to all other options

This company provides the service with minimum rework

Errors in terms and payments are noted before the closing package is to be signed

Changes in terms and payments are identified and agreed to ahead of changes being implemented

Insurance raises are tied to an attributable reason and notice is given in advance

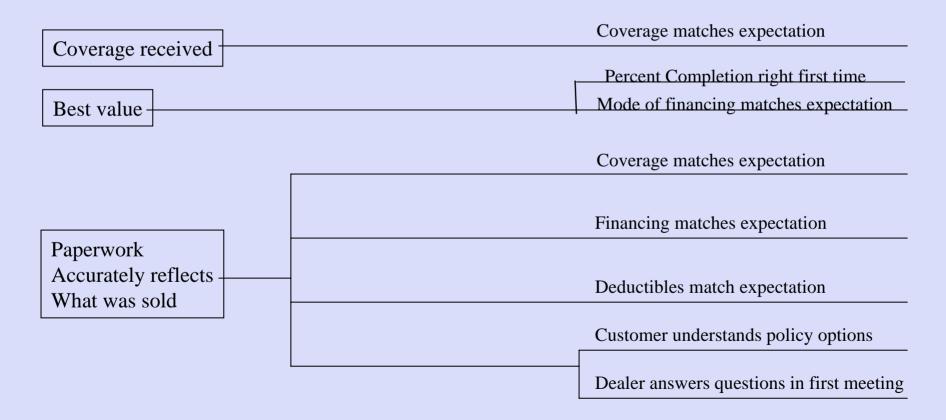
The customer feels that they understand and are comfortable with the insurance and believe the value created by our company is real



Critical To Quality Metrics

Customer Requirements

Quality Metrics





Project Components

- Data Collection Plan
- Process Flow Diagrams
- Baseline Data on Defects
- Stratified Data Charts
- Calculate Process Sigma

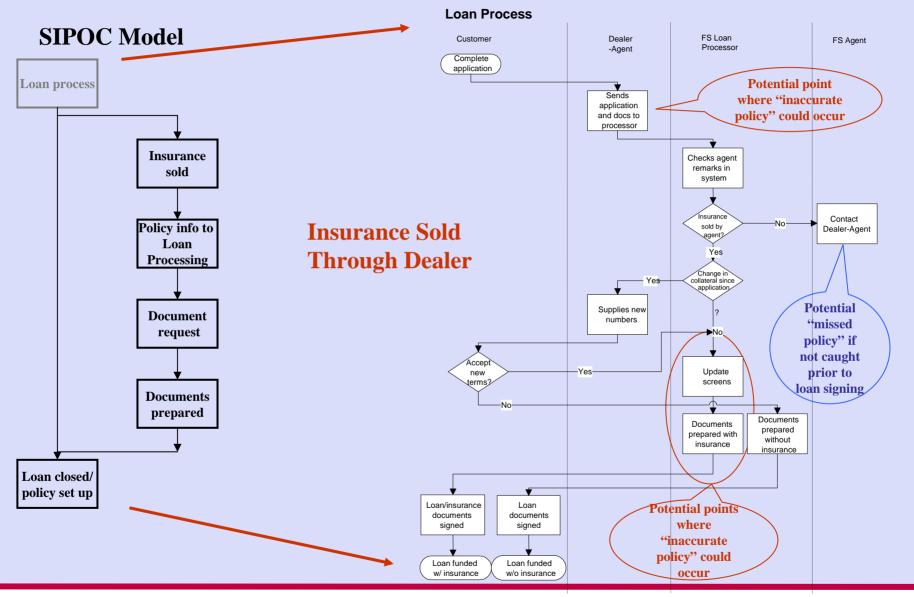


Key Questions

- What does the current detailed process look like?
- Does the defect rate show trends over time?
- Does the defect rate depend on the day of the month?
- What are the types of defects?
- Do any regions (clusters of dealers) account for the majority of defects? (80/20 Pareto principle)
- Do any agents account for the majority of defects?

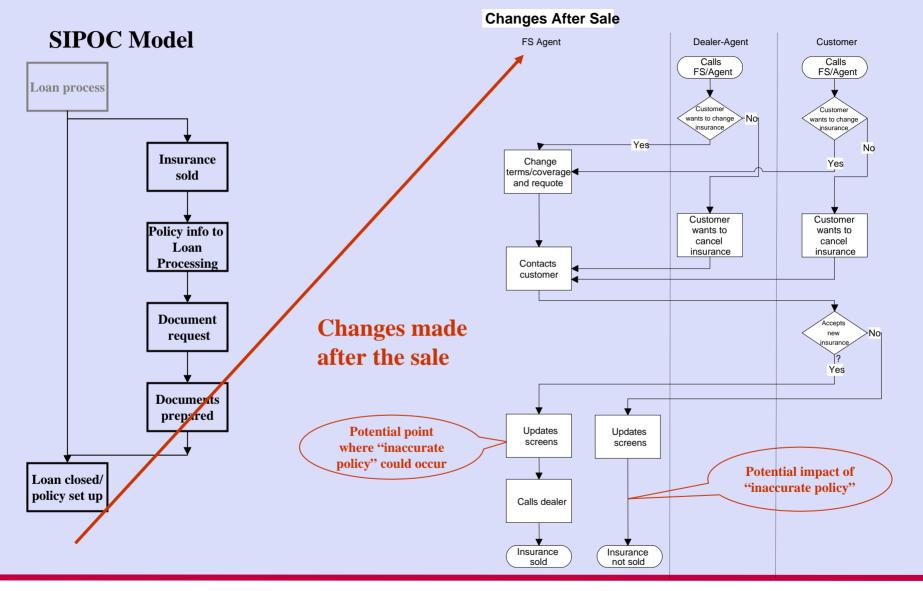


Process Flow





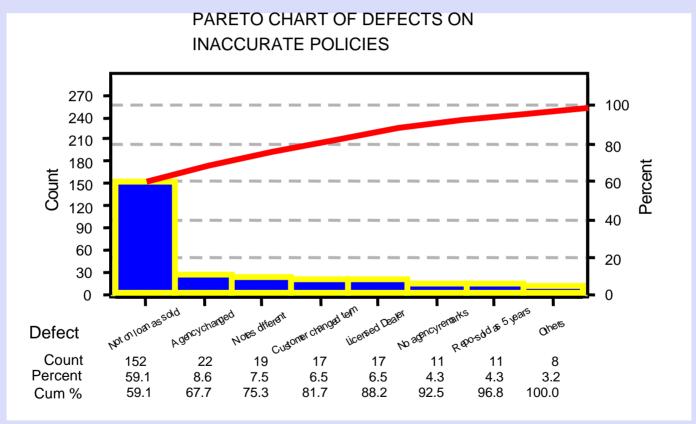
Process Flow





Types of Defects?

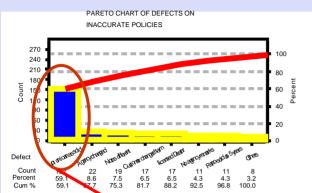
- 60% of "Inaccurate Policies" due to the paperwork not reflecting what was initially sold to the customer



Data collected from May 2001

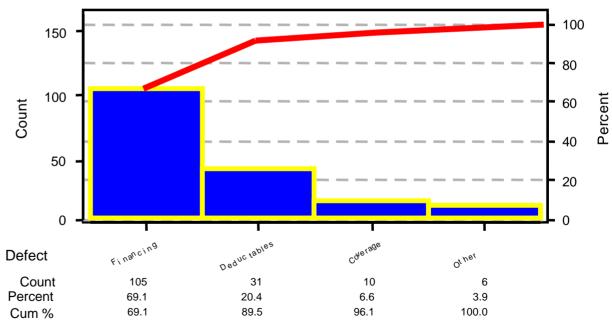


Types of Defects?



 69% of "not on loan as sold" due to errors in "financing terms"

PARETO CHART OF DEFECTS "NOT ON LOAN AS SOLD"

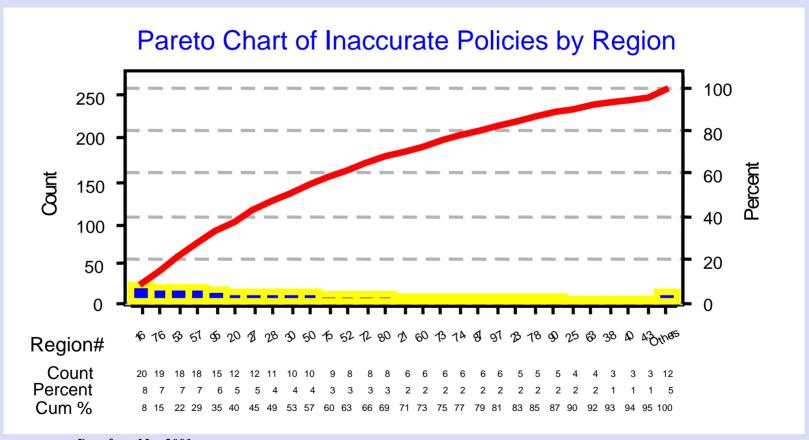


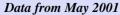
Data collected from 05/01/01 to 05/31/01



Difference by Region?

 Pareto Principle does not hold...apparently no significant different between regions







Customer Impression

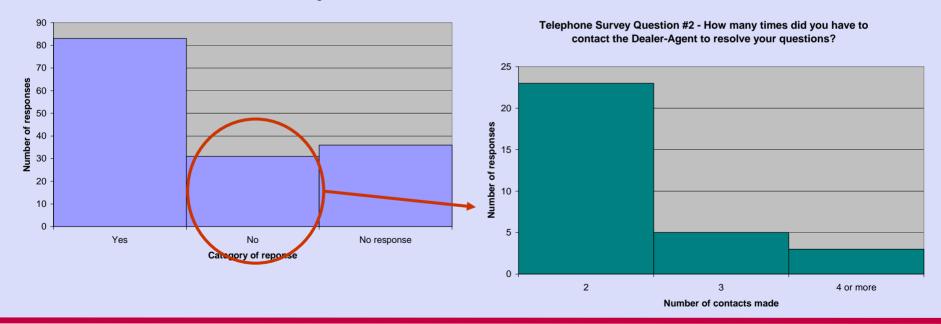
- Telephone survey to a random sample of 150 of the 1775 total loans written in May, 2001
- Survey questions:
 - "Was the agent able to provide information and answer all of your questions in the first meeting?"
 - "If no, approximately how many times did you need to contact the agent in order to resolve any questions you had?"
 - "If you could make the loan application and approval process better, what would that mean to you?"



Customer Impression, cont.

- 31 out of 114 responses (27%) could not get the information at the first meeting
- Of those 31, 23 resolved the questions during the second contact

Telephone Survey Question #1 - Did Dealer-Agent provide information/answers in first meeting?





Customer Impression, cont.

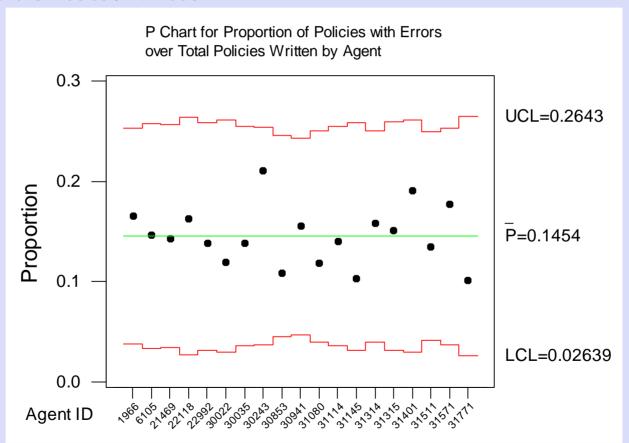
Telephone survey Question #3 - How to improve the process?





Difference by Agent?

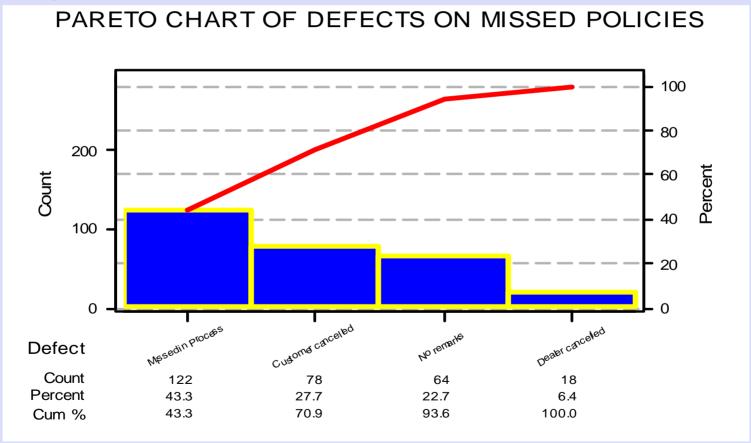
- No significant difference agent to agent
- Every agent, overall, seems to produce defects at a rate of 15% of total written





Missed Policies

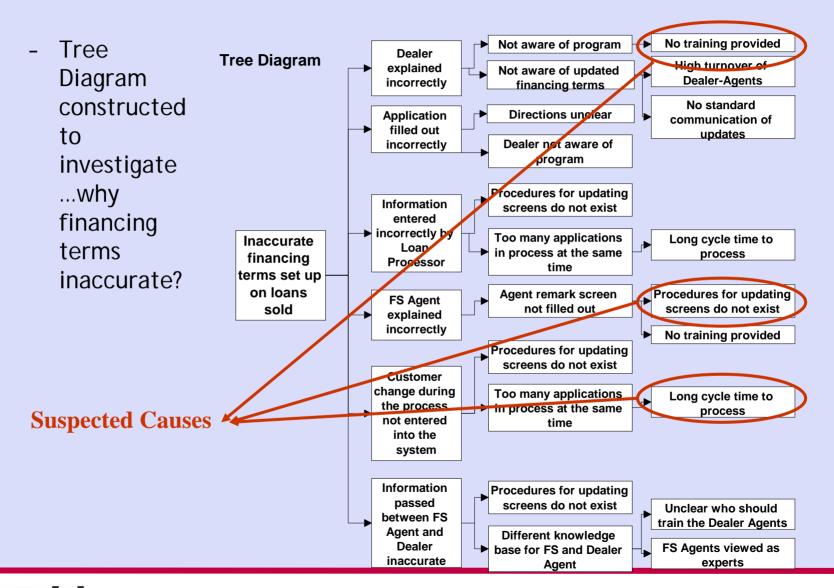
- 70% of "Missed Policies" missed by dealer in the loan process or cancelled after the sale



Data collected from 03/01/01 to 05/23/01



Potential Causes

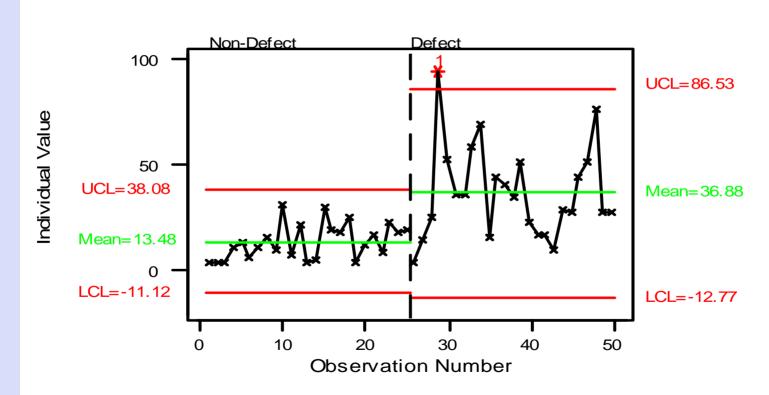




Verification of Causes, cont.

 The relationship between cycle time and defects was also analyzed using a control chart

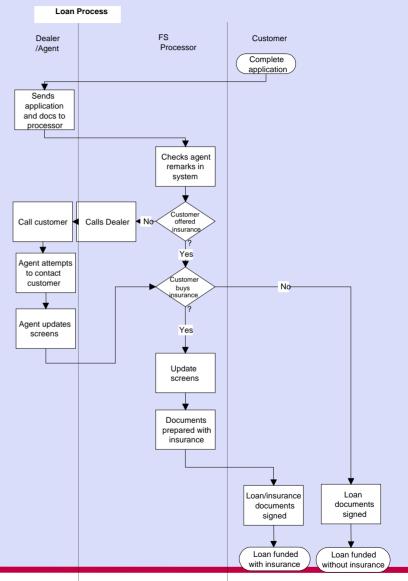
I Chart - Number of days from sale to funding





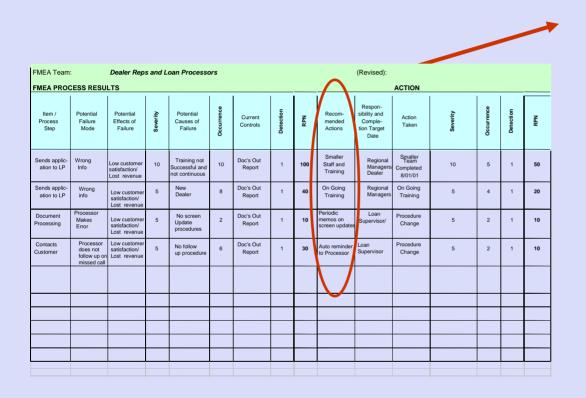
Redesigned Process

- Reduced cycle time
 - If customer not offered insurance initially, FS Loan Processor calls Dealer direct instead of calling FS Agent
 - FS Loan Processors switched to a mind-set of processing an application when it came in instead of batching applications to process together
- Reduced cycle time = less applications in process at one time = fewer defects
- Reduced cycle time = less time during which changes can occur = fewer defects





Failure Modes & Effects Analysis



- Recommended Actions
 - Small group training for dealers
 - Ongoing training and communication for dealers
 - Ongoing communication for Regional Managers
 - Periodic memos on updating screens
 - Auto reminder for Processors



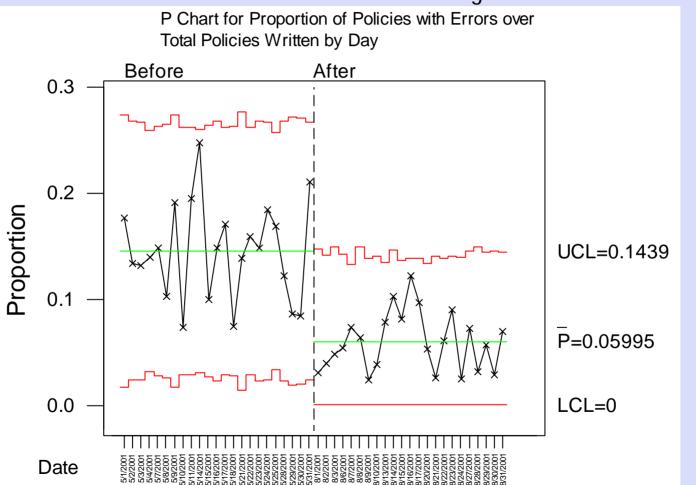
Results

May Defect Rate = 15%

- July Defect Rate = 9%

June Defect Rate = 10%

August Defect Rate = 6%





Updated Financials

- Savings from project
 - Increased customer satisfaction resulting in increased revenue
 - Decreased rework and increased efficiency
- Total savings

Dollar impact

= \$478,000

= \$160,300

= \$638,300



